

## Clinical Policy: Brodalumab (Siliq)

Reference Number: CP.PHAR.375

Effective Date: 06.01.18 Last Review Date: 05.24 Line of Business: Medicaid

Coding Implications
Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

### **Description**

Brodalumab (Siliq<sup>™</sup>) is an interleukin 17A (IL-17A) receptor antagonist.

## FDA Approved Indication(s)

Siliq is indicated for the treatment of moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis (PsO) in adult patients who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy and have failed to respond or have lost response to other systemic therapies.

#### Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation<sup>®</sup> that Siliq is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

## I. Initial Approval Criteria

#### A. Plaque Psoriasis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of moderate-to-severe PsO as evidenced by involvement of one of the following (a or b):
  - a.  $\geq 3\%$  of total body surface area;
  - b. Hands, feet, scalp, face, or genital area;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or rheumatologist;
- 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- 4. Member meets one of the following (a, b, or c):
  - a. Failure of  $a \ge 3$  consecutive month trial of methotrexate (MTX) at up to maximally indicated doses;
  - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (see Appendix D), and failure of  $a \ge 3$  consecutive month trial of cyclosporine or acitretin at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
  - c. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX, cyclosporine, and acitretin, and failure of phototherapy, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 5. Member meets ONE of the following, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced (a or b, see Appendix D):



- a. Failure of a  $\geq$  3 consecutive month trial of one adalimumab\* product (e.g. *Hadlima, Yusimry, adalimumab-adaz, adalimumab-adbm, and adalimumab-fkjp are preferred*);
- b. History of failure of two TNF blockers;
- \*Prior authorization may be required for adalimumab products
- 6. Failure of  $a \ge 3$  consecutive month trial of Taltz\*, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
  - \*Prior authorization may be required for Taltz
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 8. Dose does not exceed 210 mg at weeks 0, 1, and 2, followed by maintenance dose of 210 mg every 2 weeks.

## **Approval duration: 6 months**

## **B.** Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
  - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
  - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

### **II. Continued Therapy**

#### A. Plaque Psoriasis (must meet all):

- 1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
  - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B);
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 210 mg every 2 weeks.

#### **Approval duration: 12 months**



### **B.** Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
  - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business:
     CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
  - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

#### III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- **A.** Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents;
- B. Combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) or potent immunosuppressants, including but not limited to any tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonists [e.g., Cimzia<sup>®</sup>, Enbrel<sup>®</sup>, Humira<sup>®</sup> and its biosimilars, Remicade<sup>®</sup> and its biosimilars (Avsola<sup>™</sup>, Inflectra<sup>™</sup>, Renflexis<sup>™</sup>, Zymfentra<sup>®</sup>), Simponi<sup>®</sup>], interleukin agents [e.g., Actemra<sup>®</sup> (IL-6RA), Arcalyst<sup>®</sup> (IL-1 blocker), Bimzelx<sup>®</sup> (IL-17A and F antagonist), Cosentyx<sup>®</sup> (IL-17A inhibitor), Ilaris<sup>®</sup> (IL-1 blocker), Ilumya<sup>™</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor), Kevzara<sup>®</sup> (IL-6RA), Kineret<sup>®</sup> (IL-1RA), Omvoh<sup>™</sup> (IL-23 antagonist), Siliq<sup>™</sup> (IL-17RA), Skyrizi<sup>™</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor), Stelara<sup>®</sup> (IL-12/23 inhibitor), Taltz<sup>®</sup> (IL-17A inhibitor), Tofidence<sup>™</sup> (IL-6), Tremfya<sup>®</sup> (IL-23 inhibitor), Wezlana<sup>™</sup> (IL-12/23 inhibitor)], Janus kinase inhibitors (JAKi) [e.g., Cibinqo<sup>™</sup>, Olumiant<sup>™</sup>, Rinvoq<sup>™</sup>, Xeljanz<sup>®</sup> XR,], anti-CD20 monoclonal antibodies [Rituxan<sup>®</sup> and its biosimilars (Riabni<sup>™</sup>, Ruxience<sup>™</sup>, Truxima<sup>®</sup>), Rituxan Hycela<sup>®</sup>], selective co-stimulation modulators [Orencia<sup>®</sup>], integrin receptor antagonists [Entyvio<sup>®</sup>], tyrosine kinase 2 inhibitors [Sotyktu<sup>™</sup>], and sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor modulator [Velsipity<sup>™</sup>] because of the additive immunosuppression, increased risk of neutropenia, as well as increased risk of serious infections:
- C. Treatment of patients with Crohn's disease.

#### IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

FDA: Food and Drug Administration IL-17A: interleukin 17A

JAKi: Janus kinase inhibitors

MTX: methotrexate PsO: plaque psoriasis



Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
acitretin	25 or 50 mg PO daily	50 mg/day
(Soriatane®)		
cyclosporine	2.5 – 4 mg/kg/day PO divided BID	4 mg/kg/day
(Sandimmune <sup>®</sup> ,		
Neoral®)		
methotrexate	10-25 mg/week PO, IM, or SC or 2.5 mg	30 mg/week
(Trexall®,	PO Q12 hr for 3 doses/week	
Otrexup <sup>TM</sup> ,		
Rasuvo <sup>®</sup> ,		
RediTrex <sup>®</sup> ,		
Xatmep <sup>TM</sup> ,		
Rheumatrex®)	n o	40 41 1
Hadlima	PsO	40 mg every other week
(adalimumab-	Initial dose:	
bwwd), Yusimry	80 mg SC	
(adalimumab-	M-1.4	
aqvh),	Maintenance dose:	
adalimumab-adaz	40 mg SC every other week starting one week after initial dose	
(Hyrimoz <sup>®</sup> ),	week after initial dose	
adalimumab-fkjp (Hulio <sup>®</sup> ),		
adalimumab-		
adamidiao- adbm (Cyltezo®)		
Taltz <sup>®</sup>	PsO	80 mg every 4 weeks
(ixekizumab)	Initial dose:	oo mg every 4 weeks
	160 mg (two 80 mg injections) SC at week	
	0, then 80 mg SC at weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,	
	and 12	
	Maintenance dose:	
	80 mg SC every 4 weeks	

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

## Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): patients with Crohn's disease
- Boxed warning(s): suicidal ideation and behavior



## Appendix D: General Information

- Contraindications:
  - Siliq is contraindicated in patients with Crohn's disease because Siliq may cause worsening of the disease.
- Definition of failure of MTX or DMARDs
  - Child-bearing age is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. Each drug has
    risks in pregnancy. An educated patient and family planning would allow use of MTX
    in patients who have no intention of immediate pregnancy.
  - Social use of alcohol is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. MTX may only be contraindicated if patients choose to drink over 14 units of alcohol per week. However, excessive alcohol drinking can lead to worsening of the condition, so patients who are serious about clinical response to therapy should refrain from excessive alcohol consumption.
- TNF blockers:
  - Etanercept (Enbrel<sup>®</sup>), adalimumab (Humira<sup>®</sup>) and its biosimilars, infliximab (Remicade<sup>®</sup>) and its biosimilars (Avsola<sup>™</sup>, Renflexis<sup>™</sup>, Inflectra<sup>®</sup>), certolizumab pegol (Cimzia<sup>®</sup>), and golimumab (Simponi<sup>®</sup>, Simponi Aria<sup>®</sup>).

V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
PsO	Initial dose:	210 mg every 2 weeks
	210 mg SC at weeks 0, 1, and 2	
	Maintenance dose:	
	210 mg SC every 2 weeks	

#### VI. Product Availability

Single-dose prefilled syringe: 210 mg/1.5 mL

#### VII. References

- 1. Siliq Prescribing Information. Bridgewater, NJ: Valeant Pharmaceuticals North America LLC; April 2020. Available at: https://www.bauschhealth.com/Portals/25/Pdf/PI/Siliq-pi.pdf. Accessed February 7, 2024.
- 2. Menter A, Strober BE, Kaplan DH, et al. Joint AAD-NPF guidelines of care for the management and treatment of psoriasis with biologics. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2019;80:1029-72. Doi:10.1016/j.aad.201811.057.
- 3. Lebwohl M, Strober B, Menter A, et al. Phase 3 studies comparing brodalumab with ustekinumab in psoriasis. *N Engl J Med*. 2015 Oct;373(14):1318-28. Doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa1503824.

#### **Coding Implications**

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

<b>HCPCS Codes</b>	Description
J3590, C9399	Unclassified drugs or biologicals



Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
2Q 2020 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	02.28.20	05.20
2Q 2021 annual review: added additional criteria related to diagnosis of moderate-to-severe PsO per 2019 AAD/NPF guidelines specifying at least 3% BSA involvement or involvement of areas that severely impact daily function; added combination of bDMARDs under Section III; references reviewed and updated.	02.23.21	05.21
Per August SDC and prior clinical guidance, removed redirection to Taltz; added Legacy WellCare line of business to policy (WCG.CP.PHAR.375 to be retired); added coding implications section.	08.25.21	11.21
2Q 2022 annual review: for PsO, allowed phototherapy as alternative to systemic conventional DMARD if contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced; removed legacy Wellcare approval durations; reiterated requirement against combination use with a bDMARD or JAKi from Section III to Sections I and II; references reviewed and updated.	02.21.22	05.22
Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications and continued therapy section.	09.22.22	
2Q 2023 annual review: no significant changes; updated Appendix B to include all relevant formulations of MTX; references reviewed and updated.	02.10.23	05.23
2Q 2024 annual review: added Bimzelx, Zymfentra, Omvoh, Wezlana, Sotyktu, Tofidence, and Velsipity to section III.B; references reviewed and updated.  Per March SDC, added criteria requiring use of Taltz and preferred adalimumab products (Hadlima, Yusimry, adalimumab-adaz, adalimumab-adbm, and adalimumab-fkjp); added therapeutic alternatives Taltz and adalimumab products to Appendix B; updated Appendix D with examples of TNF blockers.	03.12.24	05.24

### **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.



The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions, and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment, or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

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**Note:** For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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